

# MPPT- Windpower charge controller windMax1500

## Description:

This windpower charger in processor technique, contains all functions for smooth charging of lead batteries by windpower generators of 1850W at 24V- and 960W at 12V-battery-systems.

Through powertracking more electrical energy is charged from the wind generator into the battery compared with standard charging systems, depending on the nominal voltage of the wind turbine. The higher the turbine voltage against the battery voltage, the higher the gain.

The maximum generator voltage can be 150Vac (Open circuit voltage). It is a 3phase input. The voltage in the Maximum powerpoint of the windgenerator is transformed to the level of the battery system. (12V/24V/48V).

The topology of the buck converter feeds the maximum possible current from the power maximum into the battery. As soon as the battery is full and reaches its maximum voltage (14.1V/28.2V/56.4V) the charger drives the generator voltage towards open circuit voltage, preventing overcharging of the battery.

For protection of the windgenerator and charge controller it is possible to connect a break resistor to the terminal **DUMLOAD**. The break resistor is switched on the gnd level via a mosfet at the output of the 3 phase rectifier.

MPPT is activated about every second.

**Optional** a power curve can be programmed ex works. The Voltage steps are 1V, between 0V and 192V.

**Optional** a temperature sensor placed near the battery system effects the maximum battery voltage at a rate of -4mV/°C/battery cell.

**Optional** the device can be equipped with a LCD Display for battery current, battery voltage, power and energy (kilowatt hour meter).

**Optionally** a RS232 can be added.



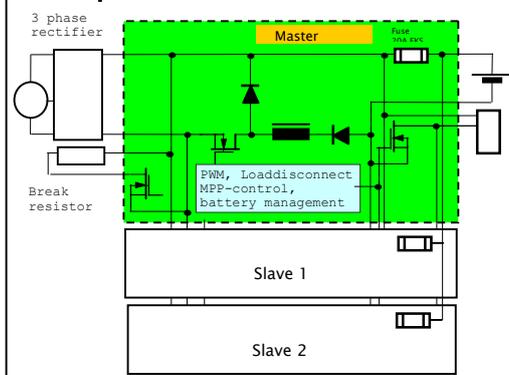
## Highlights:

- \* DC-Converter to optimize wind power income
- \* MPP-Tracking of wind generator voltage
- \* Selection of 3 battery voltages 12V/24V/48V
- \* Break resistor switching output
- \* Deep discharge protection with shortcut protection
- \* optional power curve programming, instead of mppt
- \* optional dc boost converter for generator voltage.
- \* optional LCD for current, voltage, power, energy (kilowatt hour meter)

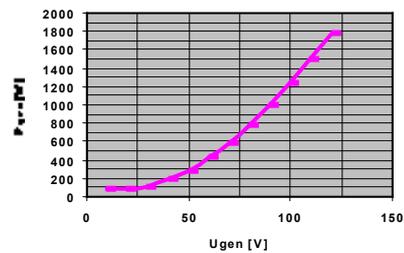
## Technical data:

|                                       | 12V-Battery  | 24V-Battery                              | 48V-Battery   |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Max. Generatorvoltage, Ugendc         | 200Vdc   | 200Vdc                                   | 200Vdc  |
| Max. Generator current                | 16A  | 16A                                      | 16A   |
| Max. Battery current                  | 60A  | 60A                                      | 37.5A   |
| Max. Generator power, Pgen@Eff.=90%   | 967W   | 1851W                                    | 2314W   |
| Efficiency                            | 90% @ 0.5Pgen  | 94% @ 0.5Pgen                            | 94% @ 0.5Pgen   |
| End of charge voltage                 | 14.5V  | 29.0V                                    | 58.0V   |
| Deep discharge protection             | 10.8V Battery voltage with 60 Sec. Delay   | 21.6V Battery voltage with 60 Sec. delay | 43.2V Battery voltage with 60 Sec. delay  |
| Load disconnect (short cut protected) | 12.5V  | 25.0V                                    | 50.0V   |
| Load reconnect                        | 37.5A  | 37.5A                                    | 37.5A   |
| Max. consumer current                 | 160Vdc/150Vdc  | 160Vdc/150Vdc                            | 160Vdc/150Vdc   |
| Break resistor dis-/reconnect         | 13mA   | 13mA                                     | 13mA  |
| Current consumption                   | 16qmm/10qmm,<br>16qmm/10qmm,<br>16qmm/10qmm,<br>1qmm,<br>1qmm,<br>4qmm/2.5qmm,<br>M6 | KTY10-5 or 1.91kOhm                      | right: yellow (max. battery voltage)<br>left: green (battery current > 1.5A)<br>middle: red (load disconnected) |
| Temperature sensor                    |  |  |   |
| LEDs                                  |  |  |   |
| Housing                               |  |  |   |
| protection                            |  |  |   |
| weight                                |  |  |   |
| Moisture                              |  |  |   |
| Operating temperature                 |  |  |   |

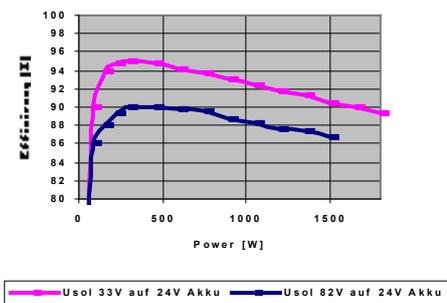
## Principal circuit



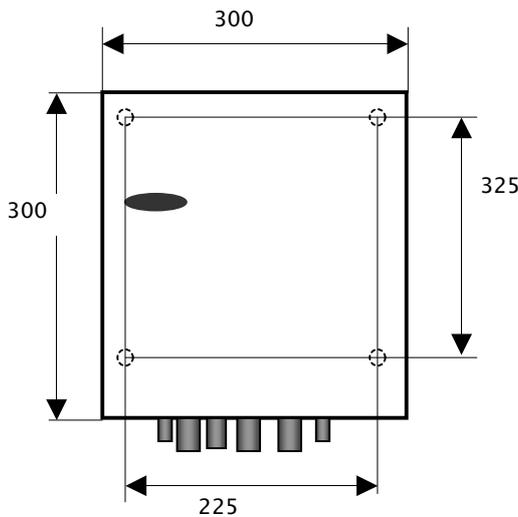
Power via generator voltage



Efficiency via power



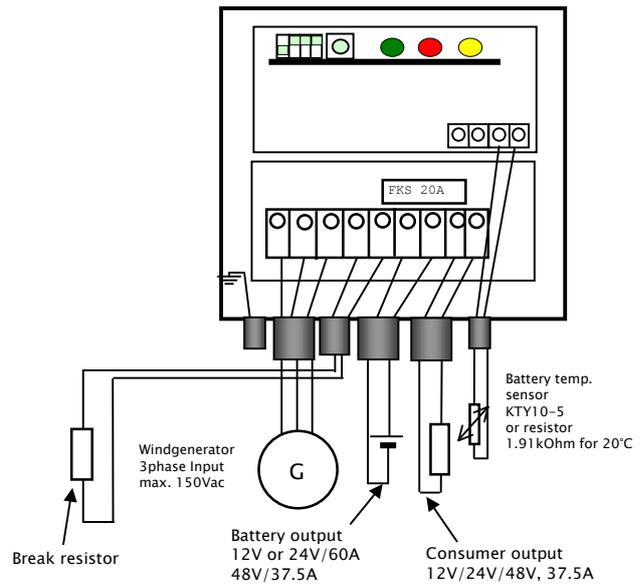
**Housing dimensions (mm):**



Height=150mm

○ Mounting holes in bottom of housing  
D=10mm

**connection diagram**



**Basic calculations:**

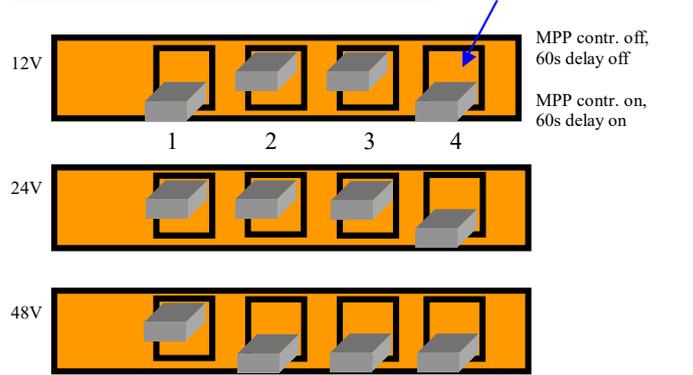
The maximum admissible input voltage of the charge controller is determined by the rectified AC-Voltage of the three phase generator. Depending on star or delta connection, the dc-voltage is different.

At a star connection the maximum generator dc-voltage is:  
**Ugendc=1.35\*Urs or 1.35\*Ust or 1.35\*Urt**  
**Urs=1.73\*Ustring**

At a delta connection the maximum generator dc-voltage is:  
**Ugendc=1.35\*Urs**



**Dil switches and reset on controll board**



By pressing the reset switch and having switched off the MPP control you can adjust manually to the MPP of the wind generator.

**Connection of break resistor**

The break resistor must be connected to the terminal **DUMLOAD**.

It's purpose is to remove electrical energy from the windgenerator when the battery is full and if the windpower is too large. As soon as a generator dc- voltage (**Ugendc**) more than 150Vdc is at the charge controller, the break resistor is switched on.

Recommended dimensioning:

Resistor value:  $R=150V \times 150V / P_{gen}$   
Resistor power:  $P=150V \times 150V / R$

Example:  $P_{gen}=1870W$

$R=150 \times 150 / 1870 = 12.03 \Omega \Rightarrow 12 \Omega$   
 $P=150 \times 150 / 12 = 1875W$

Wind-generator    3phase rectifier    MPP-tracking buck regulator    Battery consumer

